LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) A method of generating pseudo-random numbers using a linear feedback

shift register in which the correlation between successive pseudo-random numbers is reduced,

said method comprising sampling output sequences of said linear feedback shift register with a

specified periodicity.

2. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said linear feedback shift register generates

said output sequences corresponding to maximal length sequences.

3. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said specified periodicity is equal to the

number of bits output by said linear feedback shift register.

4. (Original) The method of Claim 1 further comprising periodically switching between

iterative outputs generated by two or more linear feedback shift registers.

5. (Original) The method of Claim 3 further comprising periodically switching between

iterative outputs generated by two or more linear feedback shift registers.

6. (Original) The method of Claim 2 further comprising periodically switching between

iterative outputs generated by two or more linear feedback shift registers.

7. (Original) A method of generating pseudo-random numbers using linear feedback shift

registers in which the correlation between successive pseudo-random numbers is reduced, said

method comprising periodically switching between iterative outputs generated by at least a first

linear feedback shift register and iterative outputs generated by at least a second linear feedback

shift register.

8. (Original) The method of Claim 7 wherein said linear feedback shift registers comprise

linear shift registers capable of generating maximal length sequences.

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9. (Original) The method of Claim 7 wherein said pseudo-random numbers are generated

with period equal to the sum of each of the individual linear feedback shift register periods.

10. (Original) The method of Claim 8 wherein said pseudo-random numbers are

generated with period equal to the sum of each of the individual linear feedback shift register

periods.

11. (Original) A method of encrypting a pseudo-random number generated by a linear

feedback shift register comprising operating a nonlinear operator on said pseudo-random number

and one or more operands.

12. (Original) The method of Claim 11 wherein said nonlinear operator comprises an

XOR function.

13. (Original) The method of Claim 12 wherein said one or more operands comprises one

operand comprising a unique bit sequence corresponding to the LFSR currently used to generate

said pseudo-random number.

14. (Original) The method of Claim 4 further comprising operating a nonlinear operator

on said pseudo-random number and one or more operands.

15. (Original) The method of Claim 5 further comprising operating a nonlinear operator

on said pseudo-random number and one or more operands.

16. (Original) The method of Claim 6 further comprising operating a nonlinear operator

on said pseudo-random number and one or more operands.

17. (Original) A method of further encrypting a pseudo-random number generated from a

linear feedback shift register by using a hashing function comprising:

receiving said pseudo-random number generated from said linear feedback shift register;

and

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varying the initial value of said hashing function over time by way of a function operating on one or more variables.

18. (Original) The method of Claim 7 further comprising:

receiving said pseudo-random number generated from said linear feedback shift register; and

varying the initial value of said hashing function over time by way of a function operating on one or more variables.

19. (Original) The method of Claim 18 wherein said one or more variables comprises the configuration of feedback taps associated with said linear feedback shift register.

20. (Original) The method of Claim 14 further comprising:

receiving said pseudo-random number generated from said linear feedback shift register; and

varying the initial value of said hashing function over time by way of a function operating on one or more variables.

21. (Original) The method of Claim 15 further comprising:

receiving said pseudo-random number generated from said linear feedback shift register; and

varying the initial value of said hashing function over time by way of a function operating on one or more variables.

22. (Original) The method of Claim 16 further comprising:

receiving said pseudo-random number generated from said linear feedback shift register; and

Application No. 10/642,318

In Response to Office Action Mailed on November 26, 2007

Response Dated: January 28, 2008

varying the initial value of said hashing function over time by way of a function operating on one or more variables.

23. (Withdrawn) An apparatus comprising digital hardware for generating pseudorandom numbers using a linear feedback shift register in which the correlation between successive pseudo-random numbers is reduced.

24. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 23 wherein said digital hardware comprises flip-flops and gates.